Merton, Wisconsin

Audited Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

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Merton, Wisconsin

Audited Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the School Board Merton Community School District Merton, Wisconsin

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Merton Community School District ("District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Merton Community School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Merton Community School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Merton
 Community School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Merton Community School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The financial information listed in the table of contents as other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The schedules of expenditures of federal awards and expenditures of state awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by *The Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual* issued by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction, and are also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The financial information listed in the table of contents as other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. The report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

November 14, 2024

Reilly, Penner: Benton IZP

Merton, Wisconsin

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Assets:	
Current assets:	ф 4 coo oo4
Cash Investments	\$ 4,628,921
Taxes receivable	953,809
Interest receivable	1,218,636 2,270
Due from other governments	94,000
Prepaid expenses	40,717
Total current assets	6,938,353
Total Current assets	0,900,000
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable	708,822
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	8,409,166
Right to use leased assets, net of accumulated amortization	24,541
Total capital assets	9,142,529
Total assets	16,080,882
Deferred Outflow of Resources:	
Deferred outflows related to pensions - WRS	3,607,050
Deferred outflows related to post-employment benefit	74,508
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,681,558
Liabilities: Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	10,334
Withholdings and related fringes payable	291,834
Accrued interest	2,979
Accrued payroll	734,225
Due to other governments	83
Deposits payable	7,999
Unearned revenues	24,550
Current portion of long-term obligations Total current liabilities	62,180
i otal current liabilities	1,134,184
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Long-term obligations	214,864
Total other post-employment benefit liability	68,275
Net pension liability - WRS	426,121
Total noncurrent liabilities	709,260
Total liabilities	1,843,444
Deferred Inflow of Resources:	
Deferred inflows related to pensions - WRS	2,277,718
Deferred inflows related to post-employment benefit	91,535
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,369,253
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets	8,882,495
Restricted for:	10.00:
Common school library program	12,294
Debt service	58,331
Capital projects	1,406,622
Food service	54,236
Other special revenue	55,280
Unrestricted	5,080,485
Total net position	\$ 15,549,743

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Merton, Wisconsin

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Year Ended	Jun	e 30, 2024				
				Net (Expenses)				
		Expenses	c	charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Revenues and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:	•							
Instruction:								
Regular instruction	\$	5,692,182	\$	1,239,283	\$	246,051	\$	(4,206,848)
Special education instruction	*	1,509,583	*	45,194	•	463,902	•	(1,000,487)
Vocational instruction		155,440						(155,440)
Other instruction		345,067		266				(344,801)
Total instruction		7,702,272		1,284,743		709,953		(5,707,576)
Support services:		.,,		1,=01,110		,		(=,:=:,=:=)
Pupil services		367,048				62,985		(304,063)
Instructional staff services		880,289				161,343		(718,946)
Administration services		1,066,709						(1,066,709)
Operation and maintenance		665,051		30,159		4,818		(630,074)
Pupil transportation		362,245		18,710		13,881		(329,654)
Central services		59,817						(59,817)
Other support services		514,662						(514,662)
Food service		477,384		289,996		122,442		(64,946)
Interest on long-term obligations		9,283						(9,283)
Unallocated depreciation		584,872						(584,872)
Total support services		4,987,360		338,865		365,469		(4,283,026)
Total school district	\$ Gen	12,689,632 eral revenues	\$:	1,623,608	\$	1,075,422	•	(9,990,602)
		xes:						
				d for general p		oses		5,376,407
				d for debt serv				57,188
				ed for specific p not restricted to		oses ecific purposes:		50,000
		General						3,914,433
		Other						629,081
	Int	erest and inves	stmei	nt earnings				227,422
		in on sale of a		-				7,141
	Mi	scellaneous						52,242
		Changes in r	net p	osition				323,312
	Net	position - beg	inniı	ng of year				15,226,431
	Net	position - end	of y	ear			\$	15,549,743

Merton, Wisconsin

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024

								Total
		<u>General</u>		Capital <u>Projects</u>	ļ	Nonmajor <u>Funds</u>		overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets:								
Cash	\$	3,984,791	\$	455,864	\$	188,266	\$	4,628,921
Investments		3,051		950,758				953,809
Taxes receivable		1,218,636						1,218,636
Interest receivable				2,270				2,270
Due from other governments		94,000						94,000
Prepaid expenditures		40,332				385		40,717
Total assets	\$	5,340,810	\$	1,408,892	\$	188,651	\$	6,938,353
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	5,955	\$		\$	4,379	\$	10,334
Withholdings and related fringes payable	Ψ	291,536	Ψ		Ψ	298	Ψ	291,834
Accrued payroll		733,017				1,208		734,225
Due to other governments		83						83
Deposits payable		7,999						7,999
Unearned revenues		9,631				14,919		24,550
Total liabilities		1,048,221				20,804		1,069,025
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable interest revenue				2,270				2,270
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		40,332				385		40,717
Restricted		12,294		1,406,622		167,462		1,586,378
Unassigned		4,239,963						4,239,963
Total fund balances		4,292,589		1,406,622		167,847		5,867,058
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,340,810	\$	1,408,892	\$	188,651	\$	6,938,353

Merton, Wisconsin

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 5,867,058
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds: Cost of the assets Accumulated depreciation Right to use assets Accumulated amortization	\$ 22,095,467 (12,977,479) 36,811 (12,270)	9,142,529
Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds Notes payable Compensated absences Lease liability	(231,818) (19,989) (25,237)	(277,044)
The District's total OPEB liability is recorded as a liability on the statement of net position, but is not reported in the governmental funds.		(68,275)
The District's proportionate share of the WRS net pension liability is reported as a noncurrent liability. This is reported as a liability on the statement of net position, but is not reported in the governmental funds.		(426,121)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and post-employment benefits are applicable to future periods, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		1,312,305
Interest income that is unavailable is recorded as a deferred inflow in the governmental funds, but it is not deferred on the statement of net position.		2,270
Accrued interest payable on the bonds is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(2,979)
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 15,549,743

Merton, Wisconsin

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Total
		Capital	Nonmajor	Governmental
Revenues:	<u>General</u>	<u>Projects</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Local	\$ 5,786,883	\$ 111,757	\$ 383,337	\$ 6,281,977
Interdistrict payments within Wisconsin	1,045,071	р 111,737	\$ 383,337	1,045,071
Intermediate sources	1,043,071			1,043,071
State	5,038,659		3,568	5,042,227
Federal	461,865		118,874	580,739
Other	52,241		110,074	52,241
Total revenues	12,385,997	111,757	505,779	13,003,533
Total revenues	12,000,001	111,707	000,170	10,000,000
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Current	6,854,912		32,528	6,887,440
Interdistrict	793,769			793,769
Capital outlay	6,743		16,500	23,243
Support Services:				
Current	4,054,113		480,573	4,534,686
Capital outlay	315,051			315,051
Debt service	13,557		57,922	71,479
Total expenditures	12,038,145		587,523	12,625,668
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	0.47.050	444 757	(04.744)	077.005
over expenditures	347,852	111,757	(81,744)	377,865
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds on sale of capital assets	13,840			13,840
Lease financing	36,811			36,811
Total other financing sources (uses)	50,651			50,651
Net change in fund balances	398,503	111,757	(81,744)	428,516
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	3,894,086	1,294,865	249,591	5,438,542
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 4,292,589	\$ 1,406,622	\$ 167,847	\$ 5,867,058

Merton, Wisconsin

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 428,516
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation or amortization expenses.		
Depreciation and amortization expense Capital outlays	\$ (584,872) 338,294	(0.40, 570)
		(246,578)
In the statement of activities, gains on the disposal of assets are shown, whereas in the governmental funds only the proceeds on the disposal (if any) are shown. Proceeds on asset sale	(12 940)	
Gain on disposal	(13,840) 7,141	(6,699)
Some of the capital assets acquired this year were financed by a lease. The amount financed by the lease is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. On the other hand, the leases are not revenues in the statement of activities, but rather constitute long-term obligations in the statement of net position.		(36,811)
Repayment of certain long-term obligations are an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the statement of net position. Notes payable	50,000	
Lease liability	11,574	61,574
In the statement of activities, the cost of WRS pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension (expense) revenue. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used.		
District pension contributions Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	376,016 (280,155)	05.004
In the statement of activities, certain benefits are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the		95,861
amount of financial resources used. Post-employment benefits Retirement benefits Compensated absences	25,620 3,166 (4,229)	
	(1,220)	24,557
In the statement of activities, interest income is recognized when earned, in the governmental funds however, interest income is recognized when measurable and available for use.		2,270
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		622
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 323,312

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Introduction

The Merton Community School District ("District") is organized as a common school district. The District, governed by a five-member elected school board, is fiscally independent with taxing and borrowing powers. Services provided by the District are primary and special education.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies used by the District are discussed below.

B. Component Units

GAAP requires that these financial statements include the primary government and its component units. Component units are separate organizations that are included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the District. All significant activities and organizations with which the District exercises oversight responsibility have been considered for inclusion in the general purpose financial statements. The District has no component units, and it is not included in any other governmental reporting entity.

C. Basis of Presentation

District-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues have been classified to the function where the majority of the expenditures relating to it have been incurred. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each fund category are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds; each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in other funds. It is also used to account for activities associated with providing educational programs for students with disabilities.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the financial resources of the District to be used for capital expenditures related to buildings and sites.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District may fund certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, both restricted and unrestricted resources may be available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by unrestricted general revenues.

E. Cash

The District's cash is considered to be cash on hand, money markets and demand deposits. Cash balances for individual funds are pooled unless maintained in segregated accounts.

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Investments

The District's investments are stated at fair value, except for highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at the time of purchase, which are stated at amortized cost. Market value is used for those securities for which market quotations are readily available. For securities that lack readily available market quotations, reasonable estimates of fair value are used based on the market value of similar investments. The District generally holds all investments until maturity or until market values equal or exceed cost.

Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Interest income on commingled investments of district accounting funds is allocated based on average investment balances. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the statement of activities, statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as increases or decreases in investment income.

Investment balances for individual funds are pooled unless maintained in segregated accounts.

G. Receivables

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are budgeted. The District tax levy is certified in November of the current fiscal year for collection by the taxing municipalities based on the past October 1 full or "equalized" taxable property values. The District is paid by the collecting municipalities its proportionate share of tax collections received through the last day of the preceding month. Under the Wisconsin Statutes, Waukesha County purchases the outstanding property taxes of the District in August of each year. This statutory guarantee assures the District full collection of all property taxes within sixty days of its year end, and hence, the availability of these funds to finance expenditures of the fiscal year for which the taxes were levied.

All accounts receivable are shown at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since management determined that such allowance would not be material.

H. Interfund Transactions

The current portion of lending/borrowing arrangements between funds is identified as due to/from other funds. The noncurrent portion of outstanding balances between funds is reported as advances to/from other funds. Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. The District does not have any advances between funds.

There were no Individual fund transfers and inter-fund receivables and payable activity for the year ending June 30, 2024.

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Maintenance and repair costs are charged to expenses as incurred and betterments are capitalized as assets. Upon disposal of land, buildings and equipment, a gain or loss is reflected in the statement of activities. Property and equipment and related depreciation expenses are not reflected in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	_		Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	\$	5,000	Straight-line	50 years
Land improvements		5,000	Straight-line	20 years
Equipment and furniture		5,000	Straight-line	5 - 20 years

The District reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or the fair value less costs to sell.

J. Right to Use Assets

The District has recorded right to use lease assets. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

K. Net Position

The District classifies net position in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets includes the District's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)
 reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or
 improvement for those assets.
- Restricted Net Position includes balances that have limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted Net Position the residual for balances that do not fall into the other two categories.

The District applies restricted resources when expense is incurred for purposes for which both a restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

L. Fund Balances

The GASB defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within one of the following fund balance categories:

- *Nonspendable* amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School Board prior to year-end. The School Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are
 intended to be used for specific purposes. The District has not adopted a resolution to delegate authority to
 assign amounts to any individual or body.
- Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy: The District has not established an order of fund balance spending policy. When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, restricted funds should be spent first unless legal requirements disallow it. When committed, assigned and unassigned funds are available for expenditure, committed funds should be spent first, assigned funds second and unassigned funds last.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy: The Board will attempt to maintain at least a 20% fund balance to proposed general fund expenditure ratio.

M. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows and inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period and thus, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

N. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Sick Pay

Unused accumulated vacation is paid out upon retirement or termination of employment. Generally, sick leave can be accumulated up to a maximum of 60 days (or 90 days for employees hired prior to July 1, 2011), but accumulated hours are not paid out upon termination of employment. The District has accrued that vacation leave which it deems probable of payout. The liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the unpaid compensated absences are not expected to be paid using expendable available resources, and therefore, the liability is not reported. Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

O. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Other Assets

Expendable supplies or non-capital items acquired for initial use in subsequent fiscal periods are recorded as prepaid expenses. Prepaid insurance represents payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond June 30th and have not yet been earned by the recipient. Prepaid supplies are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method.

Q. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net Pension Liability (Asset),
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions,
- Pension Expense (Revenue).

Information about the fiduciary net position of the WRS and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Pensions are generally liquidated by the general fund.

R. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events for possible recognition or disclosure through the date the financial statements were available to be distributed (November 14, 2024). Subsequent to year-end the District purchased a new piece of equipment for buildings and grounds at a total cost of \$48,888. There were no additional subsequent events that required recognition or disclosure.

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

2. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as shown on the District's statement of net position are subject to the following risks:

	Custodial Balance		Carrying Amount	Risks
Cash:		_'		
Demand deposits	\$ 81,703	\$	968	Custodial
Money market deposit account	4,324,165		4,324,165	Custodial
Petty cash			75	
Wisconsin Investment Series Coop ("WISC")				
Money market deposit account	303,714		303,714	Custodial
Investment:				
Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool	3,051		3,051	Custodial
Wisconsin Investment Series Coop ("WISC")				
				Custodial, Credit, and
Cash Management Series	50		50	Interest Rate
Investment Series Fund	7		7	Custodial and interest rate
Certificates of Deposit	950,700	_	950,700	Custodial and interest rate
Total cash and investments	\$ 5,663,390	\$	5,582,730	
Reconciliation to Financial Statements: Per statement of net position:				
Cash		\$	4,628,921	
Investments			953,809	
Total cash and investments		\$	5,582,730	

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") in the amount of \$250,000. Deposits and the State of Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP") and Wisconsin Investment Series Coop ("WISC") are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund ("SDGF") in the amount of \$400,000 per financial institution. However, due to the relatively small size of the Guarantee Fund in relationship to the total deposits covered and other legal implications, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual districts. Investments in the local government investment pool are covered under a surety bond issued by Financial Security Assurance, Inc. The bond insures against losses arising from principal defaults on substantially all types of securities acquired by the pool. The bond provides unlimited coverage on principal losses, reduced by any FDIC, SDGF insurance, and income on the investment during the calendar quarter a loss occurs.

Custodial Risk: Is the risk that, in the event of a financial institution failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District's carrying value for cash and investment deposits was \$5,582,730 at June 30, 2024 and the custodian's carrying value was \$5,663,390 of which \$4,408,919 was fully insured and \$1,254,471 was uninsured or uncollateralized. The District does not have a policy regarding custodial risk for deposits.

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

2. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy limits the maturity of any security to no more than seven years from the date of purchase or in accordance with state statutes. Information regarding the exposure of the District's investments to this risk, using the segmented time distribution model is as follows:

investment Maturities (in Years)									
		Less Than				6-10		Over 10	
Type of Investment		1 Year		1-5 Years		Years		Years	Total
WISC-Cash Management Series	\$	50	\$		\$		\$		\$ 50
WISC-Investment Series Fund		7							7
WISC-Certificates of Deposit		950,700							950,700
	\$	950,757	\$		\$		\$		\$ 950,757

The Cash Management Series has no minimum investment period, allows check writing privileges, and the average weighted maturity is ninety days or less. The Investment Series Fund are pooled funds investing in U.S. government obligations, agencies and commercial paper. The Investment Series Fund requires a 14-day minimum investment period and one business day withdrawal notice.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. The District does not have a policy regarding credit risk. The WISC Cash Management Series and Investment Series Fund have an AAAm average credit quality rating.

The LGIP does not have a credit quality rating and is also not subject to credit risk disclosure because investments are not issued in securities form. It is part of the State Investment Fund ("SIF") and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The LGIP is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually and carries investments at amortized cost for purposes of calculating income to participants.

In accordance with certain contractual provisions, investment income associated with LGIP is assigned to the corresponding fund in which the assets are held. Participants in LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. The LGIP does not include any involuntary participants.

A separate financial report for SIF is prepared in accordance with GASB. Copies of the report can be obtained from http://www.doa.wi.gov/Pages/StateFinances/LGIP.aspx.

WISC is organized by and operated exclusively for Wisconsin public schools, technical colleges, and municipal entities. WISC is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under Wisconsin Intergovernmental Cooperation Statutes, Section 66.0301. WISC is governed by the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative Commission in accordance with the terms of the Intergovernmental Cooperation Agreement. WISC invests District funds in accordance with Wisconsin Law.

A separate financial report for WISC is prepared in accordance with GASB. Copies of the report can be obtained by contacting the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative.

WISC and LGIP are exempt from fair value disclosure due to investments being valued at amortized cost.

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

2. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Wisconsin Statute 66.0603 authorizes the District to invest in the following types of instruments:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank, trust company, or savings and loan association that is authorized to transact business in Wisconsin if the time deposit matures in not more than three years
- Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed as to principal or interest by the federal government or by a commission, board, or other instrumentality of the federal government (U.S. Treasuries and U.S. agencies)
- Bonds or securities of any Wisconsin county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district
- Bonds issued by a local exposition district, local professional baseball park district, or local professional stadium district created under subchapter III or IV of chapter 229 of the Wisconsin statutes or bonds issued by the University of Wisconsin Hospitals or Clinics Authority
- Any security maturing in seven years or less of the acquisition date with either the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency
- Securities of open-end management investment companies or investment trusts if the portfolio is collateralized by bonds or securities, subject to various conditions and investment options
- A local government investment pool, subject to certain conditions

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

		Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$	708,822 55,037	\$ 	\$ 	\$ (55,037)	\$ 708,822
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	763,859			(55,037)	708,822
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings		17,439,747	141,630		55,037	17,636,414
Site improvements Equipment	_	1,122,110 2,491,726	153,110 6,743	23,458		1,275,220 2,475,011
Total capital assets being depreciated		21,053,583	301,483	23,458	55,037	21,386,645
Less accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated	_	12,421,636	572,602	16,759		12,977,479
depreciation	_	8,631,947	(271,119)	6,699	55,037	8,409,166
Intangible right-to-use assets Leased equipment Less accumulated amortization	_	17,557 17,557	36,811 12,270	17,557 17,557		36,811 12,270
Net intangible right-to-use assets	_		24,541			24,541
Governmental activities capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$_	9,395,806	\$ (246,578)	\$ 6,699	\$ 	\$ 9,142,529

Depreciation of \$572,602 and amortization of \$12,270 was expensed to unallocated depreciation and amortization on the statement of activities.

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

4. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations of the District are as follows:

Туре	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2024	Amounts due within one year
G.O. Promissory Note	\$ 281,818 \$	\$	50,000 \$	231,818 \$	50,000
Compensated absences	15,760	6,199	1,970	19,989	
Lease liability		36,811	11,574	25,237	12,180
	\$ 297,578 \$	43,010 \$	63,544 \$	277,044 \$	62,180

Total interest paid and expensed (including accrual) during the year for the year ended June 30, 2024 on long-term obligations was \$9,905 and \$9,283, respectively.

All general obligation debt is secured by the full faith and credit and unlimited taxing powers of the District. The debt will be retired by future property tax levies and resources accumulated in the Debt Service Fund.

General obligation debt at June 30, 2024 is comprised of the following individual issues:

Description	Issue Dates	Interest Rate	Dates of Maturity	Balance June 30, 2024
\$500,000 G.O. Promissory Note	7/31/2019	3.05%	7/31/2028 \$	231,818

The 2023 equalized valuation of the District as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$1,580,778,485. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of June 30, 2024, in accordance with Section 67.03(1)(a) of the Wisconsin Statutes follows:

Debt limit (5% of \$1,580,778,485)	\$ 79,038,924
Deduct long-term debt applicable to	
debt margin	231,818
Margin of indebtedness	\$ 78,807,107

Aggregate cash flow requirements for the retirement of long-term principal interest on the GO promissory note as of June 30, 2024 follow:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 50,000	\$ 6,409	\$ 56,409
2026	50,000	4,843	54,843
2027	50,000	3,297	53,297
2028	50,000	1,751	51,751
2029	31,818	491	32,309
Totals	\$ 231,818	\$ 16,791	\$ 248,609

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

4. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The District has lease obligation that is summarized as follows:

			Monthly	
		Payment	Payment	Interest
Description	Date	Terms	Amount	Rate
Copiers	7/5/2023	3 vears	\$ 1.130	6.98%

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 12,180	\$ 1,377	\$ 13,557
2026	13,057	498	13,556
Total	\$ 25,237	\$ 1,875	\$ 27,113

5. Fund Balances

As of June 30, 2024, fund balance components other than unassigned fund balances consist of the following:

	Nonspendable	Restricted
General fund:		
Prepaid expenditures	\$ 40,332	\$
Unspent common school fund		12,294
Other special revenue		
Prepaid expenditures	385	
Other special revenue projects		54,895
Debt service		58,331
Food service		54,236
Capital projects		1,406,622
Total	\$ 40,717	\$ 1,586,378

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Wisconsin Retirement System ("WRS") is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds ("ETF"). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998 and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011 must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/16) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

	Core Fund	Variable Fund
<u>Year</u>	Adjustment	Adjustment
2014	4.7%	25.0%
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0
2022	7.4	15.0
2023	1.6	(21.0)

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, executives and elected officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as for general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period (calendar year 2023), the WRS recognized \$376,016 in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of June 30, 2024 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers,	6.90%	6.90%
executives and elected officials)		
Protective with Social Security	6.90%	14.30%
Protective without Social Security	6.90%	19.10%

Pension Liability, Pension Expense (Revenue) and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$426,121 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022 rolled forward to December 31, 2023. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.0286%, which was a decrease of 0.0004% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$280,155.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred

Deferred

	_	Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,718,117	\$ 2,275,658
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments		1,484,966	
Changes in assumptions		185,734	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		16,307	2,060
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		201,926	
Total	\$	3,607,050	\$ 2,277,718

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liability, Pension Expense (Revenue) and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (Continued)

The amount of \$201,926 is reported as deferred outflows related to pension, resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2025. The table presented below illustrates how the other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) in future years.

Year Ended June 30,	_	(Inflows) Outflows of Resources
2025	\$	232,624
2026		245,522
2027		935,012
2028		(285,752)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2022
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2023
	January 1, 2018 – December 31, 2020
Experience Study:	Published November 19, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	6.8%
Discount Rate:	6.8%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.2% - 5.6%
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table
Post-retirement Adjustments*	1.7%

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The total pension liability for December 31, 2023 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns¹ As of December 31, 2023

		Long-Term	
	Current	Expected	Long-Term
	Asset	Nominal Rate of	Expected Real
Core Fund Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Rate of Return ²
Public Equity	40.0%	7.3%	4.5%
Public Fixed Income	27.0	5.8	3.0
Inflation Sensitive	19.0	4.4	1.7
Real Estate	8.0	5.8	3.0
Private Equity/Debt	18.0	9.6	6.7
Leverage ³	(12.0)	3.7	1.0
Total Core Fund	100.0%	7.4%	4.6
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70.0%	6.8%	4.0%
International Equities	30.0	7.6	4.8
Total Variable Fund	100.0%	7.3	4.5

¹Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 3.77% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2023. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.80% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.70% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

²New England Pension Consultants Long-Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.7%

³The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. Currently, an asset allocation target of 12% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (5.80%)		Current Discount Rate (6.80%)		1% Increase To Discount Rate (7.80%)
District's proportionate share of		- '		_	_
the net pension (asset) liability	\$ 4,118,672	\$	426,121	\$	(2,157,712)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Payables to the pension plan

Payables to the pension plan at June 30, 2024 were \$46,366. This represents contributions earned as of June 30, 2024, but for which payment was not remitted to the pension plan until subsequent to year-end.

7. Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan

Description of Plan and Plan Benefits

The District's Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan ("Plan") provides other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") for teachers. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District.

For teachers who retired prior to July 1, 2012, the Plan provides medical, dental and/or life insurance benefits or contributions to an HSA/HRA for eligible retirees and their spouses. For teachers who retire after July 1, 2012, the Plan allows the retirees to continue coverage in the group medical plan provided that the retiree self-pays the full premium amount required to continue coverage in the plan under COBRA up to a maximum of 18 months. The District also provides one retiree an individually negotiated benefit of \$20,000 annually for three years into an HRA account in the retiree's name. The District is under contractual obligation to provide these post-retirement healthcare benefits.

Employees participating in the OPEB benefit consisted of the following at June 30, 2023, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Number of plan participants	52
Active employees not fully eligible	41
Active employees fully eligible but not yet receiving benefit payments	10
Retirees currently receiving benefit payments	1

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

7. Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (Continued)

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 4 because the District's contributions are not irrevocable. Accordingly, the District's total OPEB liability is not reduced by any assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria and the District must report its total OPEB liability.

The District's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. Changes in the District's total OPEB liability were as follows:

Balance 6/30/23 - measurement date 6/30/22 Changes for the year:	\$ 92,116
Service cost	2,356
Interest	2,980
Differences between expected and actual	
experience	8,282
Changes of assumptions or other input	145
Benefit payments	(37,604)
Net changes	(23,841)
Balance 6/30/24 - measurement date 6/30/23	\$ 68,275

OPEB liabilities are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an experience conducted in 2021 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2018-2020. Key assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, are as follows:

Valuation date	June 30, 2023
Measurement date	June 30, 2023
Reporting date	June 30, 2024

Medical care trend 6.50% decreasing by 0.10% per year down to 5.00%, and level

thereafter

Discount rate* 4.13% (based upon all years of projected payments discounted at a

municipal bond rate of 4.13%)

Municipal bond rate source S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Index

Mortality assumptions 2020 WRS Experience Tables for Active Employees and Healthy

Retirees projected with mortality improvements using the fully generational MP-2021 projection scale from a base year of 2010

^{*} Implicit in this rate is an assumed rate of inflation of 2.50%

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

7. Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The following changes in actuarial assumption have been made since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate increased from 4.00% to 4.13% (based upon all years of projected payments discounted at a municipal bond rate of 4.13% versus 4.00% at prior measurement date).
- Mortality assumptions for the years ended June 30, 2021 through June 30, 2023 was from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generated improvement scale (multiplied 60%); starting with the year ended June 30, 2024 this changed to the 2020 WRS Experience Tables for Active Employees and Healthy Retirees projected with mortality improvements using the fully generational MP-2021 projection scale from a base year of 2010
- Actuarial assumptions used for the years ended June 30, 2021 through June 30, 2023 was based on the
 results of an experience study conducted in 2018 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience
 from 2015-2017; starting with the year ended June 30, 2024 this changed to being based on the results of an
 experience study conducted in 2021 using WRS experience from 2018-2020.
- The medical care trend rate changed from 6.50% decreasing by 0.10% per year down to 5.00%, and level thereafter to 7.00% decreasing to 6.50%, then decreasing by 0.10% per year down to 4.50%, and level thereafter.

Discount Rate

The following presents the District's net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

		1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase To
	_	to Discount Rate (3.13%)	Discount Rate (4.13%)	Discount Rate (5.13%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	69,676	\$ 68,275	\$ 66,910

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's total OPEB liability, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease To	Current	1% Increase To
	Healthcare Cost	Healthcare Cost	Healthcare Cost
	Trend (6.0%	Trend (7.0%	Trend (8.0%
	Decreasing To	Decreasing To	Decreasing to
	3.5%)	4.5%)	5.5%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 66,619	\$ 68,275	\$ 70,153

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

7. Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (Continued)

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows or Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense (revenue) of \$(444). At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	21,133	\$	51,405
Changes of assumptions or other input		28,168		40,130
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		31		
Benefit payments made subsequent to measurement date	_	25,176	_	
Total	\$	74,508	\$	91,535

The amount of \$25,176 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from employer benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2025	\$ (5,829)
2026	(5,860)
2027	(5,860)
2028	(5,860)
2029	(5,860)
Thereafter	(12,934)

8. Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time, the District is involved in legal actions, most of which normally occur in governmental operations. Legal actions are generally defended by the District's various insurance carriers, since most claims brought against the District are covered by insurance policies. In the opinion of District management, any legal actions and any other proceedings known to exist at June 30, 2024 are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the District's financial position.

The District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes. Such funds are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. These audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District entered into the following commitments for building improvement and equipment purchases to be completed subsequent to year-end.

- Boiler and pump replacement for \$96,415
- Little Theater audio and video equipment for \$20,362
- Rooftop unit replacement for \$75,654

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

9. Limitation on School District Revenues

Wisconsin statutes limit the amount of revenues school districts may derive from general school aids and property taxes unless a higher amount is approved by a referendum. This limitation does not apply to revenues needed for the payment of any general obligation debt service (including refinanced debt) authorized by either of the following:

- A resolution of the school board or by referendum prior to August 12, 1993
- A referendum on or after August 12, 1993

10. Risk Management

The Merton Community School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers' compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage in the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

11. Effect of New Accounting Standards on Financial Statements

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences
- GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures
- GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements
- GASB Statement No. 104, Disclosure of Capital Assets

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.



Merton, Wisconsin

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Variance With

						Fina	al Budget
	Budgeted Amounts					ositive	
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(N</u>	<u>egative)</u>
Revenues:							
Local	\$	5,722,190	\$	5,722,190	\$ 5,786,883	\$	64,693
Interdistrict payments within Wisconsin		1,024,371		1,024,371	1,045,071		20,700
Intermediate sources		708		708	1,278		570
State		4,592,727		4,592,727	4,643,562		50,835
Federal		283,076		283,076	221,412		(61,664)
Other		33,525		33,525	 52,241		18,716
Total revenues		11,656,597		11,656,597	11,750,447		93,850
Expenditures:							
Instruction:							
Current		5,852,687		5,852,687	5,390,923		461,764
Interdistrict		781,367		781,367	783,410		(2,043)
Capital outlay					6,743		(6,743)
Support Services:							
Current		3,593,274		3,593,274	3,743,966		(150,692)
Capital outlay		315,051		315,051	315,051		
Debt service		10,000		10,000	 13,557		(3,557)
Total expenditures		10,552,379		10,552,379	 10,253,650		298,729
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,104,218		1,104,218	1,496,797		392,579
Other Financing Sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in (out)		(1,237,719)		(1,237,719)	(1,148,945)		88,774
Proceeds on sale of capital assets					13,840		13,840
Other financing sources					 36,811		36,811
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,237,719)		(1,237,719)	(1,098,294)		139,425
Net change in fund balances		(133,501)		(133,501)	398,503		532,004
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		3,894,086		3,894,086	 3,894,086		
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	3,760,585	\$	3,760,585	\$ 4,292,589	\$	532,004

Merton, Wisconsin

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Education Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Variance With

						l Budget
	Budget A	4mc	ounts		Р	ositive
	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(N</u>	egative)
Revenues:						
State	\$ 363,493	\$	363,493	\$ 395,097	\$	31,604
Federal	240,618		240,618	 240,453		(165)
Total revenues	604,111		604,111	635,550		31,439
Expenditures:						
Instruction:						
Current	1,475,220		1,475,220	1,463,989		11,231
Interdistrict	18,000		18,000	10,359		7,641
Support Services:						
Current	348,610		348,610	 310,147		38,463
Total expenditures	 1,841,830		1,841,830	 1,784,495		57,335
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,237,719)		(1,237,719)	(1,148,945)		88,774
Other Financing Sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in (out)	 1,237,719		1,237,719	 1,148,945		(88,774)
Net change in fund balances						
Fund Balances - Beginning of year				 		
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	

Merton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Wisconsin Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

				Proportionate	
				Share of the Net	Plan Fiduciary
		Proportionate		Pension Asset	Net Position as a
	Proportion of the	Share of the Net		(Liability) as a	Percentage of
WRS Fiscal Year	Net Pension	Pension Asset		Percentage of	Total Pension
End Date	Asset (Liability)	(Liability)	Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll	Asset (Liability)
12/31/2023	0.0286%	\$ (426,121)	\$ 5,529,666	7.71%	98.85%
12/31/2022	0.0290%	(1,534,302)	5,214,700	29.42%	95.72%
12/31/2021	0.0296%	2,386,377	4,949,364	48.22%	106.02%
12/31/2020	0.0305%	1,902,154	4,896,870	38.84%	105.26%
12/31/2019	0.0312%	1,005,719	4,922,266	20.43%	102.96%
12/31/2018	0.0314%	(1,116,928)	4,823,887	23.15%	96.45%
12/31/2017	0.0315%	934,908	4,653,219	20.09%	102.93%
12/31/2016	0.0320%	(263,745)	4,539,435	5.81%	99.12%
12/31/2015	0.0333%	(541,631)	4,496,622	12.05%	98.20%
12/31/2014	0.0352%	865,566	4,606,946	18.79%	102.74%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

Merton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Contributions

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Wisconsin Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

Year-End June 30,		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contributions Contributions in relation to the	\$	392,850 \$	356,574 \$	334,042 \$	332,531 \$	326,500 \$	324,725 \$	321,341 \$	302,202 \$	302,931 \$	320,220
contractually required contributions		392,850	356,574	334,042	332,531	326,500	324,725	321,341	302,202	302,931	320,220
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	5,734,164 \$	5,360,105 \$	5,044,230 \$	4,926,377 \$	4,909,834 \$	4,901,862 \$	4,760,567 \$	4,510,032 \$	4,521,692 \$	4,641,022
Contributions as a percentage of covere payroll	d	6.85%	6.65%	6.62%	6.75%	6.65%	6.62%	6.75%	6.70%	6.70%	6.90%

Notes to Schedule of Contributions:

^{**}No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actual experience, and other factors. Value is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Significant methods and assumptions us	sed in calculating Wiscon	sin Retirement System	n Actuarially Determin	ed Contributions:						
Valuation Date	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Actuarial Cost Method	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level % of Payroll-	Level % of Payroll-	Level % of Payroll-	Level % of Payroll-	Level % of Payroll-	Level % of Payroll-	Level % of Payroll-	Level % of Payroll-	Level % of Payroll-	Level % of Payroll-
7 THORIZATION WOUNDS	Closed Amortization	Closed Amortization	Closed Amortization	Closed Amortization	Closed Amortization	Closed Amortization	Closed Amortization	Closed Amortization	Closed Amortization	Closed Amortization
	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
Amortization Period	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from
, unortization i onod	date of participation in	date of participation in	date of participation in	date of participation in	date of participation in	date of participation in	date of participation in	date of participation in	date of participation in	date of participation in
	WRS	WRS	WRS	WRS	WRS	WRS	WRS	WRS	WRS	WRS
Asset Valuation Method										
	Five-Year Smoothed	Five-Year Smoothed	Five-Year Smoothed	Five-Year Smoothed	Five-Year Smoothed	Five-Year Smoothed	Five-Year Smoothed	Five-Year Smoothed	Five-Year Smoothed	Five-Year Smoothed
	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)
Actuarial Assumptions Net Investment	(- /	(- /	(- /	(- /	(- /	(- /	(- /	(- /	(- /	(- /
Rate of Return	5.4%	5.4%	5.4%	5.4%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%
Weighted Based on Assumed Rate For:										
Pre-retirement	6.8%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%
Post-retirement	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
Salary Increases:										
Wage Inflation	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%
Seniority/Merit	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%
Post-retirement benefit Adjustments**	1.7%	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%
Retirement Age (Experience based table										
of rates that are specific to the type of	Last updated for the	Last updated for the	Last updated for the	Last updated for the	Last updated for the	Last updated for the	Last updated for the	Last updated for the	Last updated for the	Last updated for the
eligibility condition)	2021 valuation pursuant	2018 valuation	2018 valuation	2018 valuation	2015 valuation	2015 valuation	2015 valuation	2012 valuation	2012 valuation	2012 valuation
,	to an experience study	pursuant to an								
	of the period 2018-2020	experience study of								
	·	the period 2015-2017	the period 2015-2017	the period 2015-2017	the period 2012-2014	the period 2012-2014	the period 2012-2014	the period 2009-2011	the period 2009-2011	the period 2009-2011
Mortality:										
Table	2020 WRS Experience	Wisconsin 2018	Wisconsin 2018	Wisconsin 2018	Wisconsin 2012					
Rate		Actual WRS								
		experience	experience	experience	experience	experience	experience			
		adjustment for future								
	adjustment for future	mortality	mortality	mortality	mortality	mortality	mortality			
	mortality improvements	improvements using		Actual WRS projected						
	using the MP-2021 fully	the MP-2018 fully	the MP-2018 fully	the MP-2018 fully	the MP-2015 fully	the MP-2015 fully	the MP-2015 fully		to 2017 with scale BB	
	generational	generational	generational	generational	generational	generational	generational	to all for future	to all for future	to all for future
	improvement scale from		improvement scale	improvements	improvements	improvements				
	a base year of 2010.	(multiplied by 60%)	(multiplied by 60%)	(multiplied by 60%)	(multiplied by 50%)	(multiplied by 50%)	(multiplied by 50%)	(margin) in mortality)	(margin) in mortality)	(margin) in mortality)

See Independent Auditors' Report and Accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

MERTON COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Merton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2024 Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Total OPEB Liability		2024	:	2023		2022		2021	2	020		2019		2018		2017
Service cost	\$	2,356	\$	2,854	\$	11,855	\$	9,956	\$	5,115	\$	5,288	\$	2,992	\$	2,992
Interest		2,980		1,120		2,960		4,152		3,483		2,345		2,487		3,769
Change of benefit terms				56,744		20,741										
Differences between expected and actual experiences		8,282		(5,964)		(49,405)				(10,155)		25,409		(14,106)		
Changes of assumptions or other input		145		(3,621)		(52,421)		6,991		31,462		(994)		13,926		
Benefit payments		(37,604)		(14,746)		(7,271)		(10,967)		(2,177)		(9,990)		(34,725)		(64,270)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(23,841)		36,387		(73,541)		10,132		27,728		22,058		(29,426)		(57,509)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		92,116		55,729		129,270		119,138		91,410		69,352		98,778		156,287
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	68,275	\$	92,116	\$	55,729	\$	129,270	\$	119,138	\$	91,410	\$	69,352	\$	98,778
Fiduciary Net Position																
Contributions - employer	\$		\$		\$		\$	2,354	\$	5,490	\$		\$:	\$	
Net investment income								4		9		26		101		147
Benefit payments								(10,967)		(2,177)		(9,990)		(34,725)		(64,270)
Administrative expenses	_															
Net change in fiduciary net position								(8,609)		3,322		(9,964)		(34,624)		(64,123)
Fiduciary net position - beginning								8,609		5,287		15,251		49,875		113,998
Fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	8,609	\$	5,287	\$	15,251	\$	49,875
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	68,275	\$	92,116	\$	55,729	\$	129,270	\$	110,529	\$	86,123	\$	54,101	\$	48,903
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		7.23%		5.78%		21.99%		50.49%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	5,160,766	\$ 4	4,536,050	\$	4,536,050	\$	4,578,708	\$ 4	,578,708	\$	2,177,714	\$	2,177,714	\$	1,956,533
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		1.32%		2.03%		1.23%		2.82%		2.41%		3.95%		2.48%		2.50%
Measurement Date	J	une 30, 2023	June	e 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ıne 30, 2020	June	30, 2019	Jι	ine 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Jur	ne 30, 2016

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date.

As of the June 30, 2020 measurement date all assets have been exhausted and the trust that held the assets has been closed.

^{*}GASB requires the presentation of the last ten prior fiscal years completed under this pronouncement. The fiscal years completed prior to the enactment of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this

Schedule of Employer Contributions - OPEB Year Ended June 30, 2024 Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2024	2023	2022		2021	2020		2019	2018		2017
Actuarially determined contributions (ADC)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	14,392	\$ 5,250	\$	5,097	\$ 10,331	\$	10,331
Contributions in relation to the ADC					2,354	5,490					
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	12,038	\$ (240)	\$	5,097	\$ 10,331	\$	10,331
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,160,766 0.00%	\$ 4,536,050 0.00%	\$ 4,536,050 0.00%		4,578,708 0.05%	\$ 4,578,708 0.12%	\$	2,177,714 0.00%	2,177,714 0.00%	\$	1,956,533 0.00%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016
Key Methods and Assumption Used to Calculate ADC											
Actuarial cost method	N/A	N/A	N/A	En	try Age Normal	Entry Age	No.	rmal	Entry Age Normal		rmal
Asset valuation method	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	Market Value	Market	Valu	ue	Market	Val	ue
Amortization method	N/A	N/A	N/A	30) year Level %	30 year L	eve	el %	5 year L	eve	1 %
Discount rate	N/A	N/A	N/A		3.50%	3.50)%		4.00	0%	
Amortization growth rate	N/A	N/A	N/A		3.00%	3.00)%		3.00	0%	
Inflation	N/A	N/A	N/A		2.50%	2.50)%		3.00	0%	
Valuation Date	N/A	N/A	N/A	J	une 30, 2019	June 30	, 20	17	June 30), 20)15

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date.

As of the June 30, 2020 measurement date all assets have been exhausted and the trust that held the assets has been closed.

Schedule of Investment Returns - OPEB Year Ended June 30, 2024 Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.00%	0.15%	0.09%	0.12%	0.10%

^{*}GASB requires the presentation of the last ten prior fiscal years completed under this pronouncement. The fiscal years completed prior to the enactment of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule.

^{*}GASB requires the presentation of the last ten prior fiscal years completed under this pronouncement. The fiscal years completed prior to the enactment of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2024

Note A – Budgetary Information

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note 1.D to the financial statements; however, the District adopts a budget for the special education fund which is reported with the general fund in accordance with GAAP. An explanation of the differences between revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources (uses) for budgetary funds on budgetary fund basis and a GAAP general fund basis is summarized below:

		General Fund	Special Education Fund
Revenues			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis)	\$	11,750,447	\$ 635,550
Reclassification of special education		635,550	(635,550)
Total revenues (GAAP)		12,385,997	
Expenditures			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis)		10,253,650	1,784,495
Reclassification of special education	_	1,784,495	(1,784,495)
Total expenditures (GAAP)		12,038,145	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis)		1,496,797	(1,148,945)
Reclassification of special education		(1,148,945)	1,148,945
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (GAAP)		347,852	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis)		(1,098,294)	1,148,945
Reclassification of special education		1,148,945 [°]	(1,148,945)
Total other financing sources (uses) (GAAP)	_	50,651	
Net Change in Fund Balance			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis and GAAP)		398,503	
Fund Balance – Beginning of year			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis and GAAP)		3,894,086	
Fund Balance – End of year			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis and GAAP)	\$_	4,292,589	\$

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note B - Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget in Individual Funds

The following general fund functions had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended June 30, 2024:

General Fund:	
Vocational curriculum	\$ 449
Instructional staff services	93,448
General administration	83,154
Debt services	3,557
Purchased instructional services	88,156
Other non-program transactions	15,056
Special Education Fund:	
Purchased instructional services	79,128
Business administration	86

The excess expenditures were covered by available current year revenues and under expenditures in other areas.

Note C - Wisconsin Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions:

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0% Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note D – Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan Information

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the following criteria of GASBS No. 75, paragraph 4:

- Contributions from the employer and any non-employer contributing entities, and earnings thereon, must be irrevocable.
- Plan assets must be dedicated to providing pensions to plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.
- Plan assets must be legally protected from the creditors of the employer, non-employer contributing entities, the plan administrator, and plan members.

There were no changes in benefit terms to the OPEB plan.

The following changes in actuarial assumption have been made in the years presented:

The discount rate changed as can be seen in the following table:

Year Ended June 30	Discount Rate	Assumed rate of inflation
2017	4.00%	3.00%
2018	4.00%	3.00%
2019	3.50%	2.50%
2020	3.50%	2.50%
2021	3.50%	2.50%
2022	2.25%	2.25%
2023	4.00%	2.50%
2024	4.13%	2.50%

- Mortality assumptions for the years ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020 was from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2015 fully generated improvement scale multiplied 50%); for the years ended June 30, 2021 through June 30, 2023 was from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generated improvement scale (multiplied 60%); for the year ended June 30, 2024 this changed to 2020 WRS Experience Tables for Active Employees and Healthy Retirees projected with mortality improvements using the fully generated MP-2021 projection scale from a base year 2010.
- Actuarial assumptions used for the years ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020 was based on an experience study conducted in 2015 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2012-14; for the years ended June 30, 2021 through June 30, 2023 was based on the results of an experience conducted in 2018 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2015-2017; for the year ended June 30, 2024 this changed to being based on the results of an experience conducted in 2021 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2018-2020.
- The medical care trend rate changed from 7.50% decreasing by 0.10% per year down to 6.50%, then by 0.10% per year down to 5.0% and level thereafter for the years ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023; for the year ended June 30, 2024 this changed to 7.00% decreasing to 6.50%, then decreasing by 0.10% per year down to 4.50%, and level thereafter.



Merton, Wisconsin

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024

	S	pecial Rev	en	ue Funds			
		Other			•		
	;	Special		Food		Debt	
	<u>R</u>	<u>Revenue</u>		<u>Service</u>		<u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets:							
Cash	\$	54,895	\$	75,040	\$	58,331	\$ 188,266
Prepaid expenditures		385					385
Total assets	\$	55,280	\$	75,040	\$	58,331	\$ 188,651
Liabilities and Fund Balances:							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$		\$	4,379	\$		\$ 4,379
Withholdings and related district fringes payable				298			298
Accrued payroll				1,208			1,208
Unearned revenues				14,919			14,919
Total liabilities				20,804			20,804
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable		385					385
Restricted		54,895		54,236		58,331	167,462
Total fund balances		55,280		54,236		58,331	167,847
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	55,280	\$	75,040	\$	58,331	\$ 188,651

Merton, Wisconsin

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	S	pecial Revei	nue Funds		
		Other			
	S	Special	Food	Debt	
	<u>R</u>	<u>evenue</u>	<u>Service</u>	<u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues:					
Local	\$	36,153	289,996	\$ 57,188	\$ 383,337
State			3,568		3,568
Federal			118,874		118,874
Total revenues		36,153	412,438	57,188	505,779
Expenditures:					
Instruction:					
Current		32,528			32,528
Capital outlay		16,500			16,500
Support Services:					
Current		2,224	478,349		480,573
Debt service				57,922	57,922
Total expenditures		51,252	478,349	57,922	587,523
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		(15,099)	(65,911)	(734)	(81,744)
Net change in fund balances		(15,099)	(65,911)	(734)	(81,744)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		70,379	120,147	59,065	249,591
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	55,280	54,236	\$ 58,331	\$ 167,847

Merton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Awarding Agency Pass-Through Agency	State I.D.	Pass-Through Entity Identifying	Accrued or (Unearned) Revenue at			State Disbursements/	Accrued or (Unearned) Revenue at	Subre	cipient
Award Description	Number	Number	<u>7/1/23</u> <u>Re</u>		Receipts	Expenditures	6/30/24	<u>Awards</u>	
Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction									
Special education and school-age parents**	255.101	673528-100	\$ 	\$	375,090	\$ 375,090	\$ 	\$	
State school lunch aid	255.102	673528-107			3,568	3,568			
Common school fund library aid	255.103	673528-104	(20,344)		52,324	60,374	(12,294)		
Pupil transportation	255.107	673528-102			13,881	13,881			
Equalization aids	255.201	673528-116			3,844,459	3,844,459			
High cost special education aid	255.210	673528-119			20,007	20,007			
School based mental health services grant	255.297	673528-177			27,424	27,341	(83)		
Educator effective evaluation system	255.940	673528-154			5,920	5,920			
Per pupil aid	255.945	673528-113			616,602	616,602			
Assessments of reading readiness	255.956	673528-166	 		1,860	1,860			
Total Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction			 (20,344)		4,961,135	4,969,102	(12,377)		
Total			\$ (20,344)	\$	4,961,135	\$ 4,969,102	\$ (12,377)	\$	

^{**} Total DPI aidable expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$1,558,279 $\,$

Merton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Awarding Agency Pass-Through Agency	Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying	Accrued or (Unearned) Revenue at		Federal Disbursements/	Accrued or (Unearned) Revenue at	Subrecipient
Award Description	Number	<u>Number</u>	7/1/23	Receipts	Expenditures	6/30/24	<u>Awards</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture							
Passed through Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction:							
Child Nutrition Cluster:							
National School Lunch Program:							
Donated Commodities - noncash	10.555	Not applicable	\$ \$	35,467	\$ 35,467	\$	\$
Food Service Aid - Lunch	10.555	2024-673528-DPI-NSL-547	1,785	83,825	82,040		
Total National School Lunch Program			1,785	119,292	117,507		
Food Service Aid - Milk	10.556	2024-673528-DPI-SMP-548		1,367	1,367		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,785	120,659	118,874		
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,785	120,659	118,874		
U.S. Department of Education							
Passed through Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction:							
Title IA Basic	84.010A	2023-673528-DPI-TI-A-141	3,857	3,857			
Special Education Cluster:							
Special Education - Grants to State:							
IDEA Flow Through	84.027A	2024-673528-DPI-FLOW-341	70,957	180,466	172,098	62,589	
Special Education - Preschool Grants:							
IDEA Preschool Entitlement	84.173A	2024-673528-DPI-PRESCH-347	1,012	3,400	4,104	1,716	
Total Special Education Cluster			71,969	183,866	176,202	64,305	
Title II-A Teacher Principal Training	84.367A	2024-673528-DPI-TIIA-365	9,086	18,411	9,325		
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	2023-673528-DPI-TIVA-381	14,973	14,973			
Education Stabilization Funds:							
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II	84.425D	2022-673528-DPI-ESSERFII-163	14,581	19,398	4,817		
COVID-19 - ARPA - General Education	84.425U	2022-673528-DPI-EBIS-165		140,273	140,273		
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III	84.425U	2022-673528-DPI-ESSERFIII-165	71,689	126,286	81,084	26,487	
Total Education Stabilization Funds			86,270	285,957	226,174	26,487	
Passed through CESA #1:							
Title III-A	84.365A	2024-749901-DPI-TIIIA-391		1,278	1,278		
Total U.S. Department of Education			186,155	508,342	412,979	90,792	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services							
Passed Through Wisconsin Department of Health Services:							
Medicaid Cluster:							
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	44209300		50,164	50,164		
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				50,164	50,164		
Total			\$ 187,940 \$	679,165	\$ 582,017	\$ 90,792	\$

Merton, Wisconsin

Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of State and Federal Awards

June 30, 2024

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards ("the Schedules") includes the federal and state award activity of the District under programs of the federal and state government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*, issued by the Wisconsin Department of Instruction. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements. Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the net financial position, changes in fund balances or cash flows for the District. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies as well as federal and state financial awards passed through other government agencies are included on the schedule.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedules are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, the cost principles contained in the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Accrued revenue at year-end consists of federal and state program expenditures scheduled for reimbursement to the District in the succeeding year while unearned revenue represents advances for federal and state programs that exceed recorded District expenditures.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

The District did not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

4. Noncash Awards

The federal donated commodities in the Child Nutrition Cluster is administered by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and passed through the Wisconsin Department of Instruction and transactions relating to this program are included in the District's basic financial statements. Commodities received during the year are included in the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule. There are no balances outstanding as of June 30, 2024.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the School Board Merton Community School District Merton, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Merton Community School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2024-001 and 2024-002 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 14, 2024

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Reilly, Pennex : Benton IZP



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

To the School Board Merton Community School District Merton, Wisconsin

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

Opinion on Each Major State Program

We have audited Merton Community School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*, issued by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and responses.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*, issued by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instructions. Our responsibilities under those standards and the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual* are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, state statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and
 performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
 over compliance in accordance with the Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of testing based on requirements of the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 14, 2024

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Reilly. Pennex: Benton IZP

Merton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Reference Number: 2023-001

Description: Financial Statement Preparation

Condition: The financial statements of the District should be prepared in accordance with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Preparation of the District's financial statements and footnote disclosures in accordance with GAAP requires a very high level of technical experience and expertise.

Auditors' Recommendation: We recommend the District assign a staff member to review the financial statements prepared by its auditors.

Update: This condition has not changed as of June 30, 2024. See Finding 2024-001.

Finding 2023-002 Federal #85.425D - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Inadequate Controls for Verifying Compliance with Davis-Bacon Act Requirements

Condition: The District did not have internal controls in place to validate and confirm that contractors working on federally funded HVAC projects with ESSER money were paying the mandated prevailing wages and fringe benefits to their employees. The absence of such controls resulted in increased risk of non-compliance.

Auditors' Recommendation: The District should implement controls that verify compliance with Davis-Bacon for all construction contracts using ESSER funds and retain supporting documentation. This should include the development of clear policies and procedures outlining the steps for verifying prevailing wage rates and fringe benefits, as well as adequate training for staff involved in contract administration. Furthermore, the District should designate responsible individuals or teams to oversee compliance monitoring and regularly audit contractor and subcontractor records to confirm adherence to federal regulations.

Update: This District was not subject to Uniform Guidance for the year ended June 30, 2024. The finding was also deemed to not affect the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Finding 2023-003 Federal #85.425D - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Inadequate Tracking of Equipment Purchased with Federal Funds

Condition: The District lacks a systematic approach to differentiate equipment acquired through federal funding sources from other assets. The absence of a dedicated tracking system and failure to maintain distinct records for federally funded equipment makes it challenging to identify, monitor, and report on the utilization, maintenance, and disposal of equipment purchased with federal dollars.

Auditors' Recommendation: We recommend that the District establishes an equipment tracking system that clearly distinguishes assets acquired through federal funding sources. This system should include unique identifiers for federally funded equipment, detailed records of acquisition, usage, maintenance, and disposal, and regular reconciliations to ensure accuracy. Additionally, the District should provide training to staff responsible for asset management to enhance awareness of federal regulations and internal policies related to equipment tracking.

Update: This District was not subject to Uniform Guidance for the year ended June 30, 2024. The finding was also deemed to not affect the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Merton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Findings and Responses

Year Ended June 30, 2024

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1. Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements Unmodified audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

A. Material weakness(es) identified?

B. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements?

State Awards

4. Internal control over compliance:

A. Material weakness(es) identified:

B. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs Unmodified

6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*?

7. Identification of major programs:

State ID NumberName of State Program255.201Equalization Aid255.945Per Pupil Aid

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs \$250,000

9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Merton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Findings and Responses

Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

B. Financial Statement Findings

Reference Number: 2024-001

Description: Financial Statement Preparation

Criteria: Statements on Auditing Standards AU §325.29 states it is a deficiency in the design of controls to have inadequate controls over the preparation of the financial statements being audited.

Condition: The financial statements of the District should be prepared in accordance with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Preparation of the District's financial statements and footnote disclosures in accordance with GAAP requires a very high level of technical experience and expertise. The District's financial statements could be misstated and required footnote disclosures could be missing.

Cause: The District's staff does not have the necessary resources to properly apply GAAP in the preparation of these documents. The District has decided to rely on the technical experience and expertise of its auditors and have requested us to prepare the financial statements and footnote disclosures in accordance with GAAP.

Effect: The District's financial statements could be misstated and required footnote disclosures could be missing.

Identification of a Repeat Finding: This is a repeat finding from previous audits, see 2023-001.

Auditors' Recommendation: We recommend the District continue to assign a staff member to review the financial statements prepared by its auditors.

Views of Responsible Officials and Corrective Action Plan: See attachment for District's corrective action plan.

Reference Number: 2024-002

Description: Segregation of Duties

Criteria: Statements on Auditing Standards AU §325.29 states it is a deficiency in the design of controls to have absent or inadequate segregation of duties within a significant account or process.

Condition: Proper segregation of duties prescribes that the authorization, recording, and custody functions be separated. Many of the accounting functions are performed by a few individuals.

Cause: Limitations in staff size.

Effect: Potential financial statement misstatement caused by error or fraud that would not be detected or prevented by District staff in a timely manner is possible.

Auditors' Recommendation: It is important for management to be aware of this condition and to realize that the concentration of duties and responsibilities in one or two individuals is not desirable from a control standpoint. Under these conditions, the most effective controls rest in management's knowledge and monitoring of matters relating to the District's financial affairs.

View of Responsible Officials: See attachment for District's corrective action plan.

Merton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Findings and Responses

Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

C. Other Issues

 Does the auditor's report or the notes to the financial statements include disclosure with regard to substantial doubt as to the auditee's ability to continue as a going concern?

No

2. Does the audit report show audit issues (i.e., material noncompliance, nonmaterial noncompliance, questioned costs, material weakness, significant deficiency, management letter comment, excess revenue or excess reserve) related to grants/contracts with funding agencies that require audits to be in accordance with the Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual?

No

3. Was a Management Letter or other document conveying audit comments issued as a result of this audit?

Yes

4. Name and signature of partner

Katherine & Hoffman

5. Date of Report

November 14, 2024



Corrective Action Plan

Reference Number: 2024-001

Description: Financial Statement Preparation

Corrective Action Plan: The District will continue to rely on the expertise of an accounting firm to prepare the financial statements, as the cost of training is not feasible to the District. The District will continue to review a draft of the financial statements and ask questions prior to giving approval to finalize the financial statements.

Anticipated Corrective Action Plan Completion Date: Ongoing.

Contact Information: For additional information regarding this finding please contact Ron Russ, District Administrator, at 262-538-2828.

Reference Number: 2024-002 Description: Segregation of Duties

Corrective Action Plan: The District will continue to use other controls, including management and board oversight, to compensate for this limitation. All participants in the control activities will document their approval when applicable.

Anticipated Corrective Action Plan Completion Date: Ongoing.

Contact Information: For additional information regarding this finding please contact Ron Russ, District Administrator, at 262-538-2828.

11/14/24